

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/21

45 minutes

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

October/November 2019

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

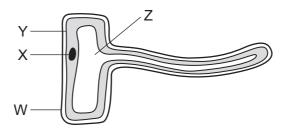
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



- 1 Which process do all living organisms carry out?
 - A asexual reproduction
 - **B** excretion
 - **C** ingestion
 - **D** photosynthesis
- 2 The diagram shows a specialised cell from a plant.



Which structures **not** found in animal cells are shown in the diagram and which structure often found in other plant cells is missing?

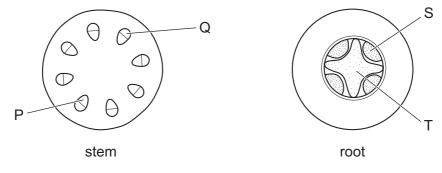
	structures not found in animal cells	structure found in other plant cells
Α	W and X	chloroplast
В	X and Y	nucleus
С	Y and Z	nucleus
D	Z and W	chloroplast

- 3 Which result with the biuret test shows that protein is present?
 - A blue
 - **B** green
 - **C** orange
 - **D** purple
- 4 Which statements are correct for all enzymes?
 - 1 They are proteins.
 - 2 They are unaffected by temperature.
 - 3 They speed up chemical reactions.
 - 4 They work best at a high pH.
 - **A** 1, 2 and 4 **B** 1, 3 and 4 **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 4 only

5 Green plants need magnesium ions.

Which plant process is limited when magnesium is deficient?

- A meiosis
- **B** photosynthesis
- **C** pollination
- **D** respiration
- **6** What is the effect of bile on food after it leaves the stomach?
 - A acidifies the food entering the duodenum
 - **B** activates enzymes which digest glycerol
 - **C** increases the surface area of fats for digestion
 - **D** provides fat for digesting enzymes
- 7 The diagrams show sections through a stem and a root.



Which indicate the positions of the xylem?

- A P and S
- B P and T
- **C** Q and S
- **D** Q and T
- 8 What are the products of the anaerobic respiration of glucose in yeast?
 - A alcohol and carbon dioxide
 - B alcohol only
 - C lactic acid and carbon dioxide
 - D lactic acid only

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- **A** If the environment is too cold, vasoconstriction of capillaries occurs.
- **B** If the environment is too cold, vasodilation of arterioles occurs.
- **C** If the environment is too hot, vasoconstriction of capillaries occurs.
- **D** If the environment is too hot, vasodilation of arterioles occurs.
- **10** During pregnancy, the placenta is used to exchange substances between the mother and the fetus.

Which row is correct?

	substance exchanged	direction
Α	carbon dioxide	mother to fetus
В	glucose	mother to fetus
С	glucose	fetus to mother
D	oxygen	fetus to mother

11 A nucleus of a potato plant cell has 48 chromosomes.

How many chromosomes will there be in a potato pollen nucleus?

- **A** 12
- **B** 24
- **C** 48
- **D** 96
- 12 In the food chain shown, 10% of the energy is transferred between each trophic level.

grass
$$\rightarrow$$
 grasshopper \rightarrow frog \rightarrow snake \rightarrow buzzard

For every 100 kJ of energy in the herbivore, how much energy will be transferred to the tertiary consumer?

- **A** 0.1 kJ
- **B** 1 kJ
- **C** 10 kJ
- **D** 100 kJ

- 13 Some of the stages of eutrophication are listed.
 - 1 death of organisms requiring dissolved oxygen in water
 - 2 increased availability of nitrate and other ions
 - 3 increased decomposition after death of producers
 - 4 reduction in dissolved oxygen

What is the correct order of these stages in eutrophication?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad 2 \to 1 \to 4 \to 3$
- $\textbf{B} \quad 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
- $\textbf{C} \quad 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
- $\textbf{D} \quad 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2$
- 14 Which statement describes the arrangement of particles in a solid?
 - **A** The particles are close together and move randomly.
 - **B** The particles are close together and vibrate about a fixed point.
 - **C** The particles are far apart and move randomly.
 - **D** The particles are far apart and vibrate about a fixed point.
- **15** Which processes are chemical changes?
 - 1 conversion of steam to liquid water
 - 2 cracking of alkanes
 - 3 fractional distillation of petroleum
 - 4 thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate
 - **A** 1 and 3
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 2 and 4
- **16** Silicon(IV) oxide has a giant molecular structure.

Which row is correct?

	number of oxygen atoms bonded to each silicon atom	number of silicon atoms bonded to each oxygen atom
Α	2	2
В	2	4
С	4	2
D	4	4

17 1g of hydrogen contains 6×10^{23} atoms.

The relative atomic mass of helium is 4.

How many atoms does 1 g of helium contain?

- **A** 1.5×10^{23}
- **B** 2.4×10^{24}
- **C** 6×10^{23} **D** 2.4×10^{23}
- 18 During the electrolysis of aluminium oxide, which ions are reduced and at which electrode does this reduction occur?
 - A aluminium ions at the anode
 - aluminium ions at the cathode В
 - oxide ions at the anode C
 - oxide ions at the cathode
- 19 Which statement describes what happens when ethanol burns?
 - Α Chemical energy transfers to thermal energy in an endothermic reaction.
 - Chemical energy transfers to thermal energy in an exothermic reaction. В
 - C Thermal energy transfers to chemical energy in an endothermic reaction.
 - Thermal energy transfers to chemical energy in an exothermic reaction. D
- 20 Three reaction equations are listed.
 - $2Na + H_2O \rightarrow 2NaOH + H_2$
 - $2NaCl \rightarrow 2Na + Cl_2$
 - CaCO₃ → CaO + CO₂

Which reactions involve reduction and oxidation?

- 1 and 2 only
 - **B** 1 and 3 only
- **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3

21 The pH values of four liquids are 1, 4, 7 and 13.

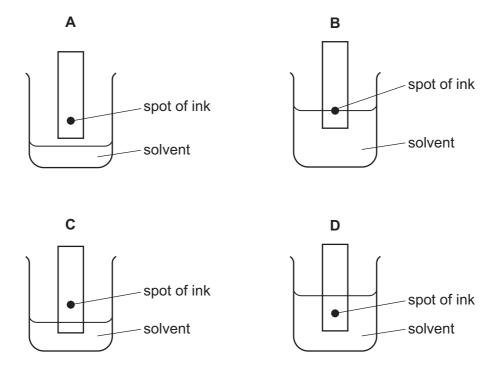
The four liquids are distilled water, nitric acid, potassium hydroxide and vinegar.

Which row shows the pH values of the liquids?

	distilled water	nitric acid	potassium hydroxide	vinegar
Α	4	7	13	1
В	4	13	7	1
С	7	1	4	13
D	7	1	13	4

22 The colours in an ink can be separated by chromatography.

Which diagram shows the correct way to set up the apparatus?



- 23 Which statement about the Periodic Table is correct?
 - A Elements are listed in order of neutron number.
 - **B** Elements are listed in order of nucleon number.
 - **C** Elements are listed in order of proton number.
 - **D** Elements are listed in order of relative atomic mass.

24 Information about three Group I elements is shown.

	melting point /°C	the formula of the oxides
lithium	180	Li ₂ O
sodium	98	Na₂O
potassium	63	K ₂ O

Rubidium is below potassium in Group I.

Which statements about rubidium are correct?

- 1 The formula of rubidium oxide is Rb₂O.
- 2 Rubidium is more dense than potassium.
- 3 Rubidium's melting point is greater than 63 °C.
- 4 The formula of rubidium hydroxide is Rb(OH)₂.

Α	1 and 2	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	3 and 4
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- **25** Four properties of metals are listed.
 - 1 high melting point
 - 2 low density
 - 3 resistance to corrosion
 - 4 conducts electricity

Which properties make aluminium suitable for use in cans containing drinks?

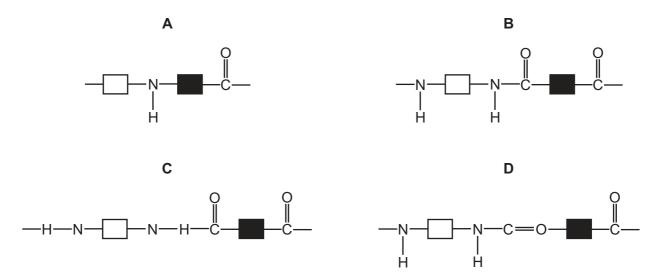
Α	1 and 2	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	3 and 4

26 During the Contact process, sulfur dioxide is reacted with oxygen to convert it to sulfur trioxide.

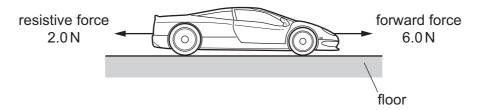
Which catalyst is used?

- A copper oxide
- **B** iron
- **C** nickel
- **D** vanadium(V) oxide

27 Which diagram represents the structure of nylon?



28 The diagram shows the two horizontal forces acting on a toy car of mass 2.0 kg that is moving along a horizontal floor.

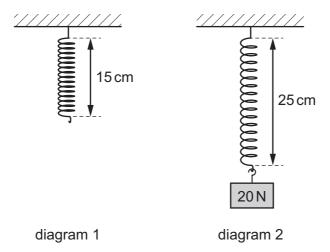


What are the resultant force on the car and its acceleration?

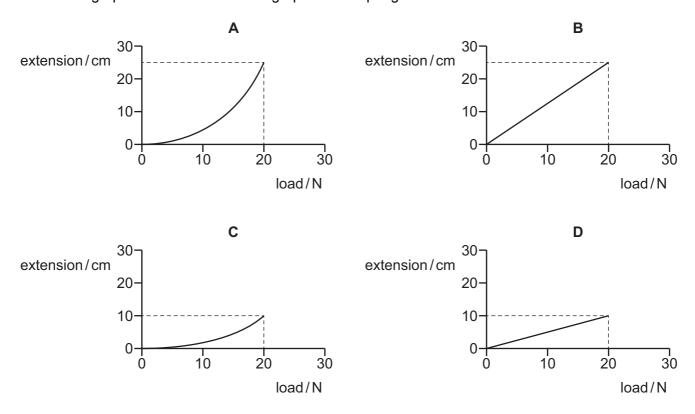
	resultant force / N	acceleration m/s ²
A	4.0	0.50
В	4.0	2.0
С	8.0	0.25
D	8.0	4.0

29 Diagram 1 shows a spring with its length indicated. Diagram 2 shows the same spring with a 20 N load hung from it, and the new length of the spring.

The spring obeys Hooke's Law.



Which graph is the extension-load graph for the spring?



30 An engine is doing work on a car as the car moves along a road.

Which two changes must result in less work being done on the car by the engine?

- A decreasing the engine's force on the car and decreasing the distance moved by the car
- B decreasing the engine's force on the car and increasing the distance moved by the car
- **C** increasing the engine's force on the car and decreasing the distance moved by the car
- D increasing the engine's force on the car and increasing the distance moved by the car

- 31 A machine has useful output energy of 1000 J, and wasted energy of 300 J.
 - Which expression is used to calculate the efficiency of the machine?

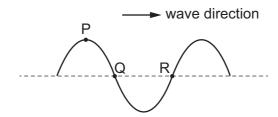
$$A \quad \frac{300}{(1000+300)} \times 100\%$$

B
$$\frac{300}{1000} \times 100\%$$

$$\textbf{C} \quad \frac{(1000 - 300)}{1000} \times 100\%$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{1000}{(1000 + 300)} \times 100\%$$

- 32 The more energetic molecules of a liquid are escaping from its surface, causing the liquid to cool.
 - What is happening to the liquid?
 - A It is boiling.
 - **B** It is condensing.
 - C It is evaporating.
 - **D** It is melting.
- **33** A transverse wave is travelling through a medium in the direction shown.

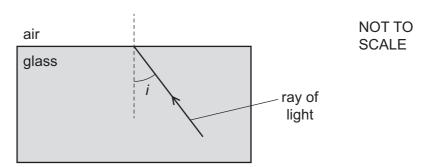


- In which direction do the particles of the medium vibrate?
- A parallel to the line joining P to Q
- **B** parallel to the line joining Q to R
- C perpendicular to the line joining P to Q
- **D** perpendicular to the line joining Q to R

34 A glass block is surrounded by air.

Light travelling in the glass block reaches the edge of the block.

The critical angle of the glass is 42°.



Which row shows an angle of incidence *i* of the light and what happens to the light when it reaches the edge of the glass block at this angle of incidence?

	i	what happens to the light
Α	30°	totally internally reflected
В	45°	refracted
С	60°	totally internally reflected
D	75°	refracted

35 There is a current of 6.0 A in an electric heater.

How much electric charge passes through the heater in one minute?

A 0.10 C

B 6.0 C

C 10 C

D 360 C

36 Which row shows how lamps are connected in a lighting circuit in a house and gives an advantage of connecting them in this way?

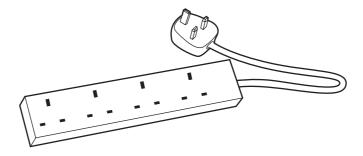
	how lamps are connected	advantage of connecting them in this way
Α	in parallel	they can be switched separately
В	in parallel	they share the voltage
С	in series	they can be switched separately
D	in series	they share the voltage

37 An electric kettle is rated at 3.0 kW and is connected to a 250 V supply. The kettle is switched on for 2.0 minutes.

Which row shows the current in the kettle and the energy transferred by the kettle?

	current/A	energy/J
Α	12	6000
В	12	360 000
С	750	6000
D	750	360 000

38 An electrical extension block has four sockets, a cable which can safely take a current of 6 A and a plug. It is protected by a fuse rated at 5 A.

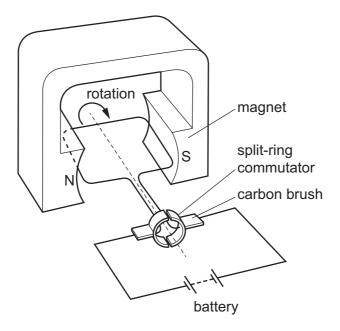


The extension block is used with four appliances and the 5A fuse blows. The owner replaces the 5A fuse with a 13A fuse.

Why is the extension block now dangerous?

- **A** The appliances may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **B** The cable may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **C** The sockets may burn out before the fuse blows.
- **D** The 13 A fuse may blow too soon.

39 The diagram shows an electrical device.



What is this electrical device?

- A a d.c. motor
- B an a.c. generator
- **C** a transformer
- **D** a solenoid

40 Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect, and which is the most penetrating?

	greatest ionising effect	most penetrating
Α	α -particles	α -particles
В	α -particles	γ-rays
С	γ-rays	α -particles
D	γ-rays	γ-rays

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	=	2	¥	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	牊	radon			
	=>				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	Ą	astatine -			
	>				8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	moloulum -	116	^	livermorium -
	>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	Ф	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>B</u>	bismuth 209			
	≥				9	O	carbon 12	14	: <u>S</u>	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -
	≡				2	Ф	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	I	indium 115	84	lΤ	thallium 204			
											30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ည	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium -
											29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
9 9					1						27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
		- ;	I	hydrogen 1							26		iron 56		Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
								1			25	M	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium —
					_	loq	lass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -
						atc	<u>e</u>				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ξ	hafnium 178	104	₩	rutherfordium -
											21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	99	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				8	:=	lithium 7	#	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	CS	caesium 133	87	ቷ	francium -

7.1	Γn	Intetium	175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
					%		
69	H	thulium	169	101	Md	mendelevium	1
89	щ	erbinm	167	100	Fm	ferminm	ı
29	웃	holmium	165	66	Es	einsteinium	-
99	۵	dysprosium	163	86	ర్	califomium	Ι
65	Д	terbium	159	26	益	berkelium	_
64	В	gadolinium	157	96	CB	curium	ı
63	Ш	europium	152	98	Am	americium	I
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pu	plutonium	I
61	Pm	promethium	1	93	dΝ	neptunium	_
09	PZ	neodymium	144	92	\supset	uranium	238
59	Ţ	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
58	Ce	cerium	140	06	Ч	thorium	232
22	Гa	lanthanum	139	88	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).